Grid Development and offshore meshed Infrastructure: Outlook on the TYNDP

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Baltic InteGrid Conference 27. February 2019

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27. February 2019

Drivers in European Grid Development

Objectives of EU networks :

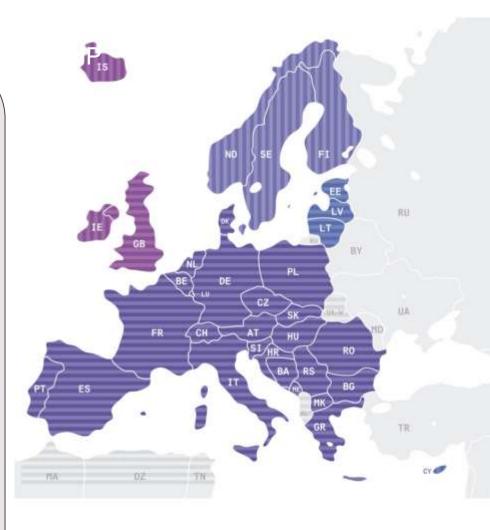
- ensuring the development of a European grid to permit the 20-20-20 and 2030 goals
- guaranteeing security of supply completing the internal energy market
- Integrate RES

The 2030 targets:

- 40% cut in greenhouse gas emissions (1990)
- at least a 27% share of renewable energy consumption
- at least 27% energy savings

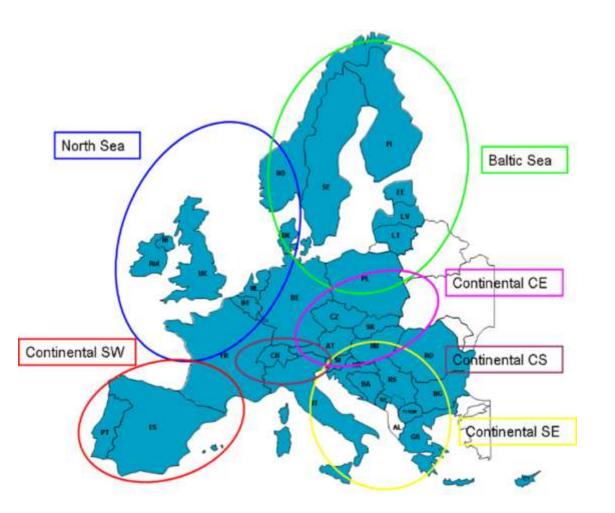
Interconnection targets:

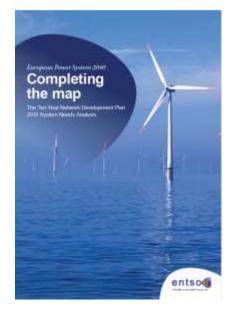
- 10% by 2020;
- 15% by 2030 (import cap/production-cap)



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Europe is divided into 6 Planning Regions

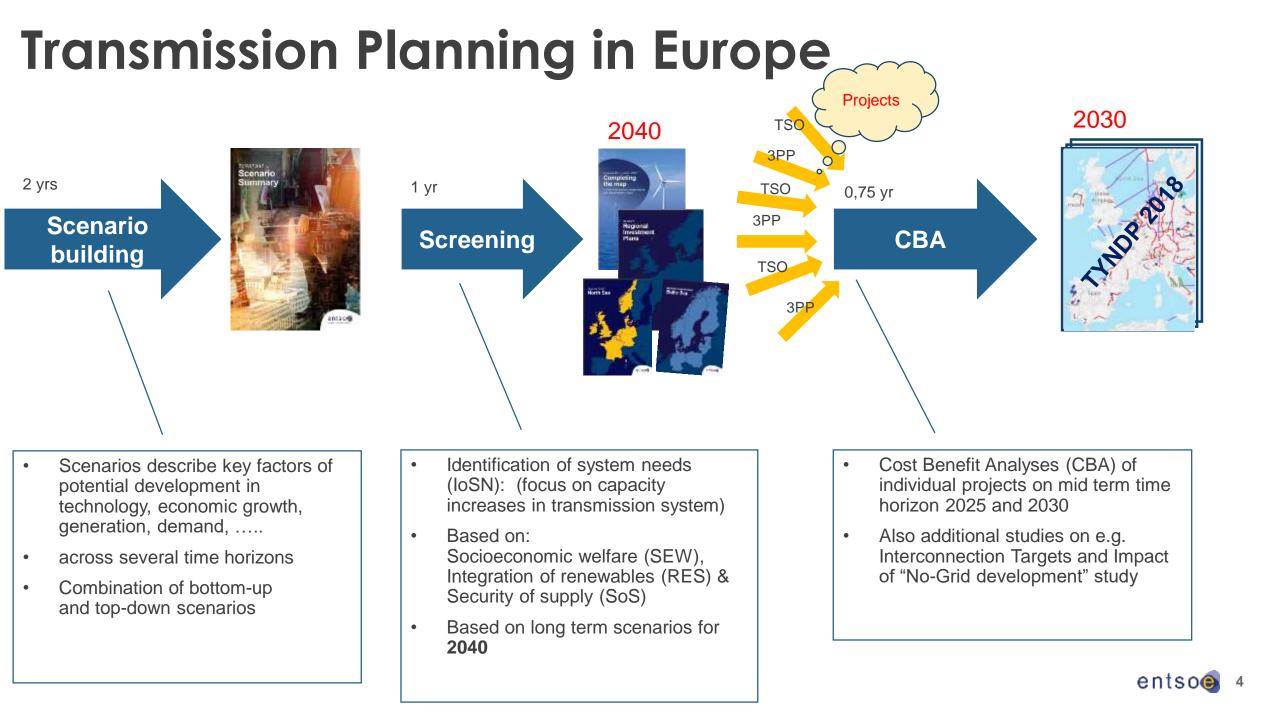






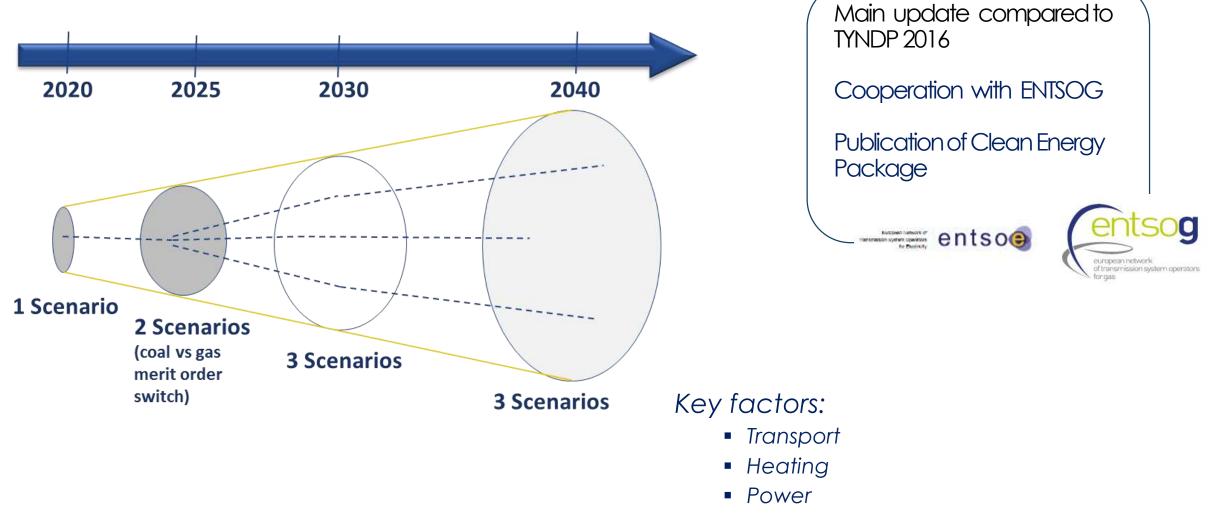






Identification of the System Needs - Scenarios

Scenario used in TYNDP18 process



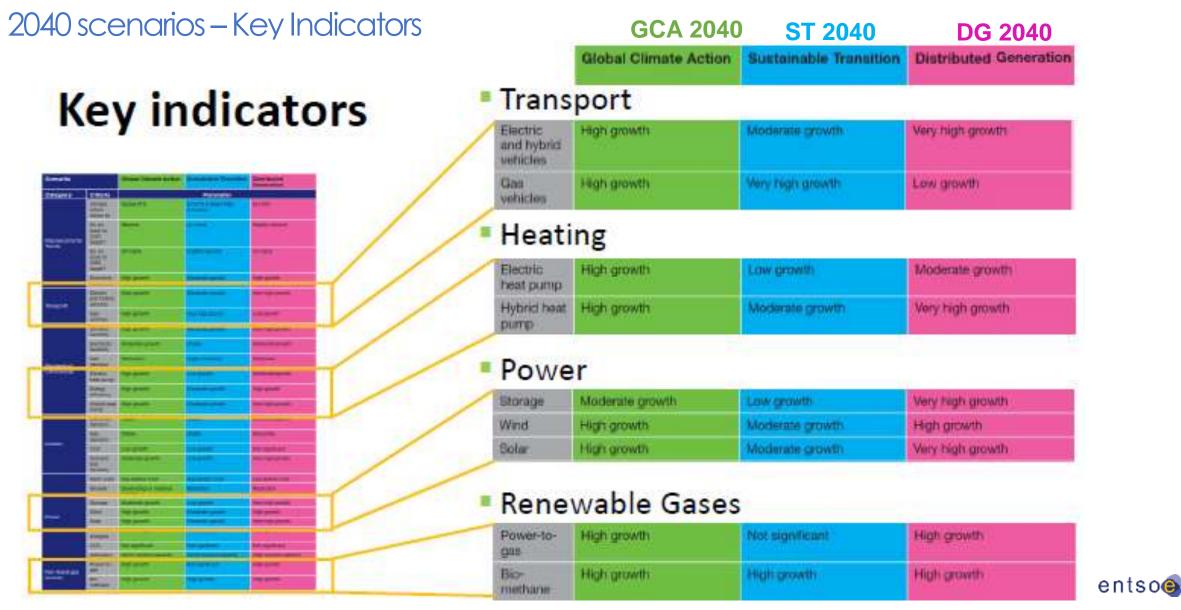
Renewable Gases



TYNDP18



Identification of the System Needs - Scenarios

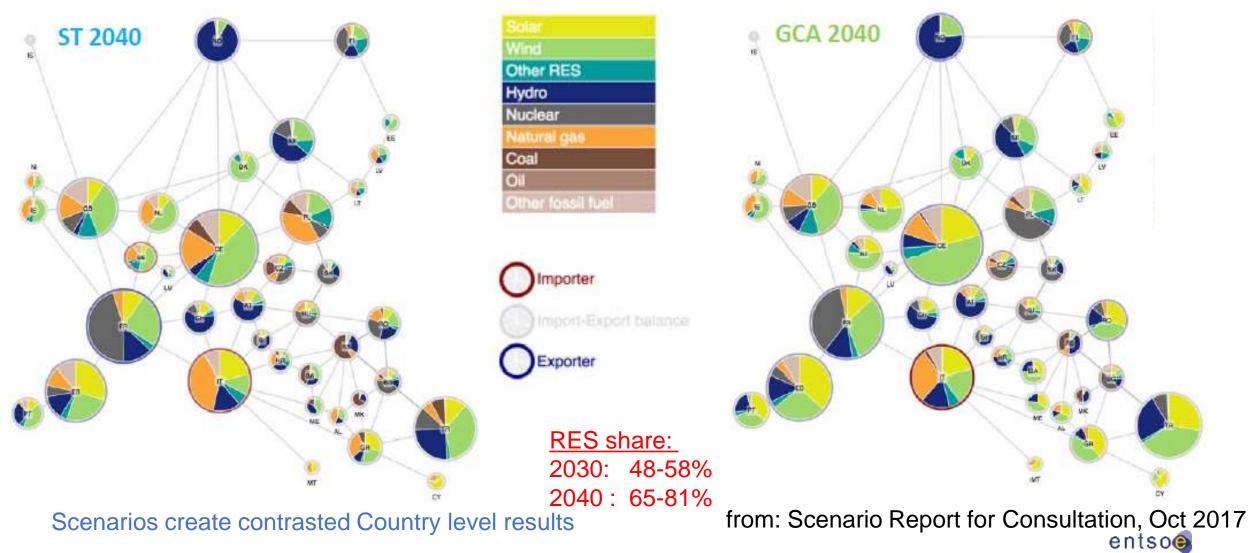


TYNDP18



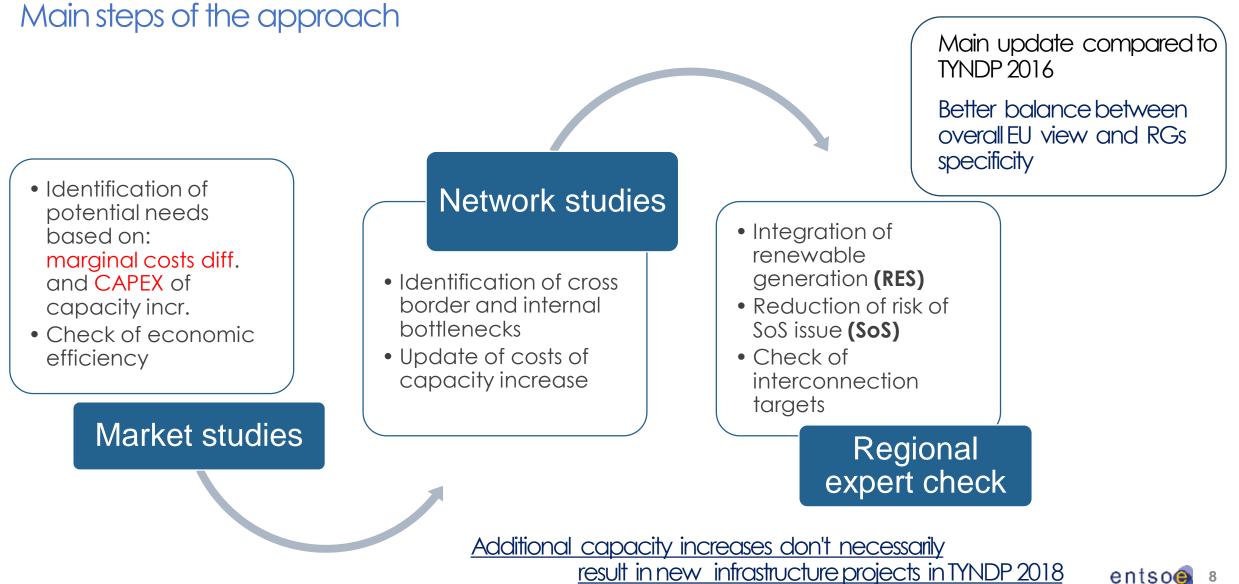
Identification of the System Needs - Scenarios

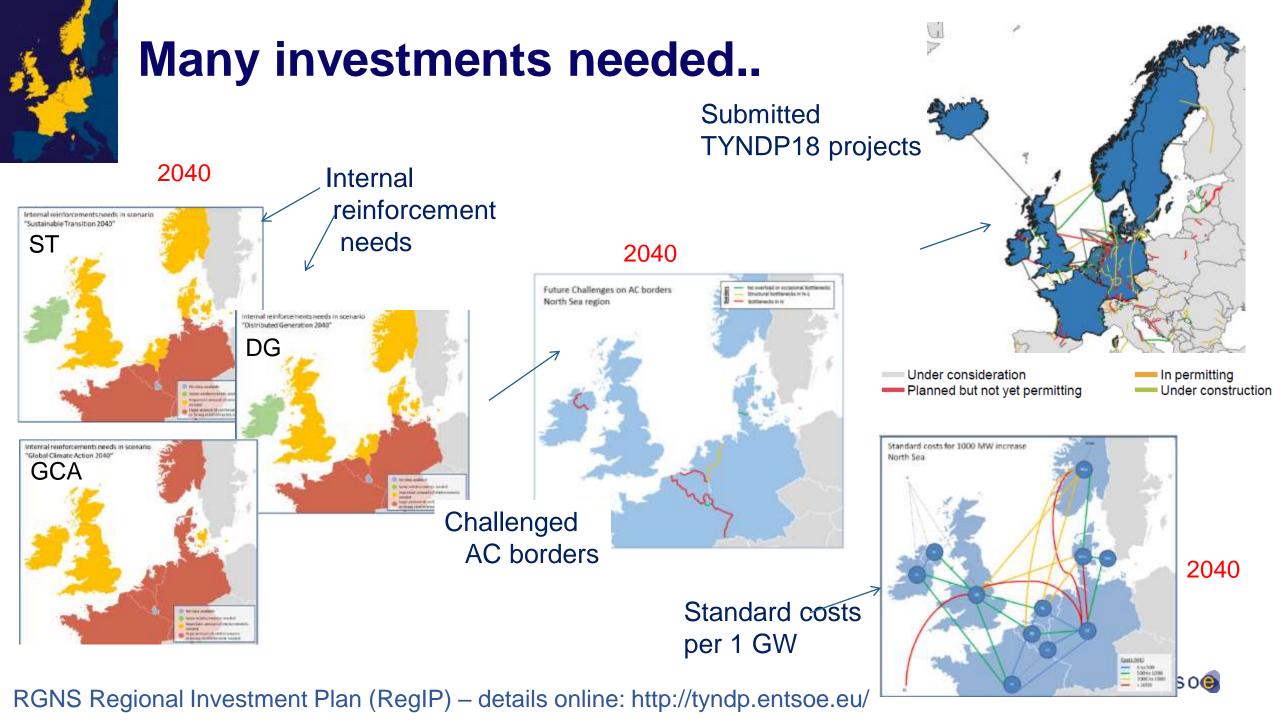
2040 scenarios – Electricity: Energy Mix

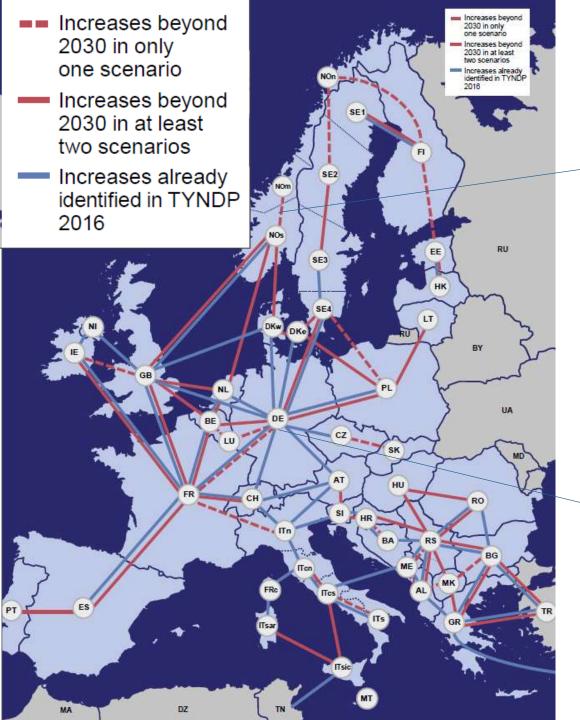


TYNDP18

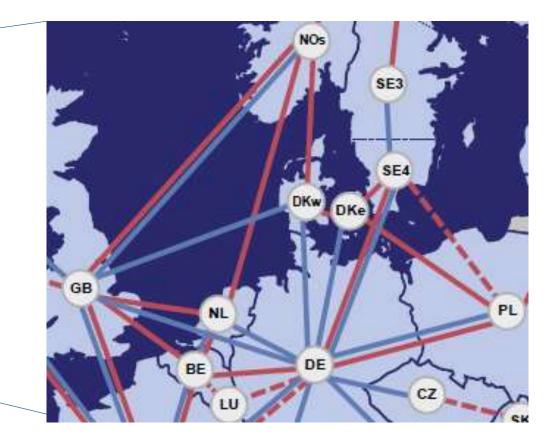
Identification of the System Needs - Methodology







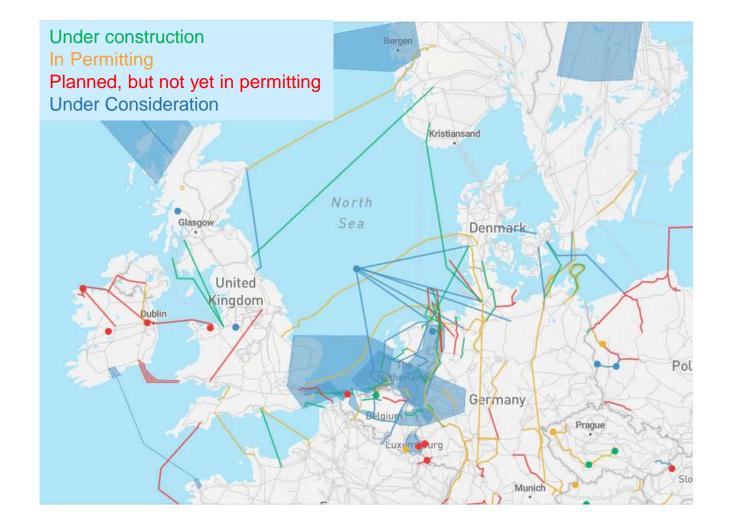
Identification of System Needs (IoSN) - Results 2040



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Result of project Collection: TYNDP 2018 projects – zoom Northern Seas Area -





<u>Undtil 2030:</u>

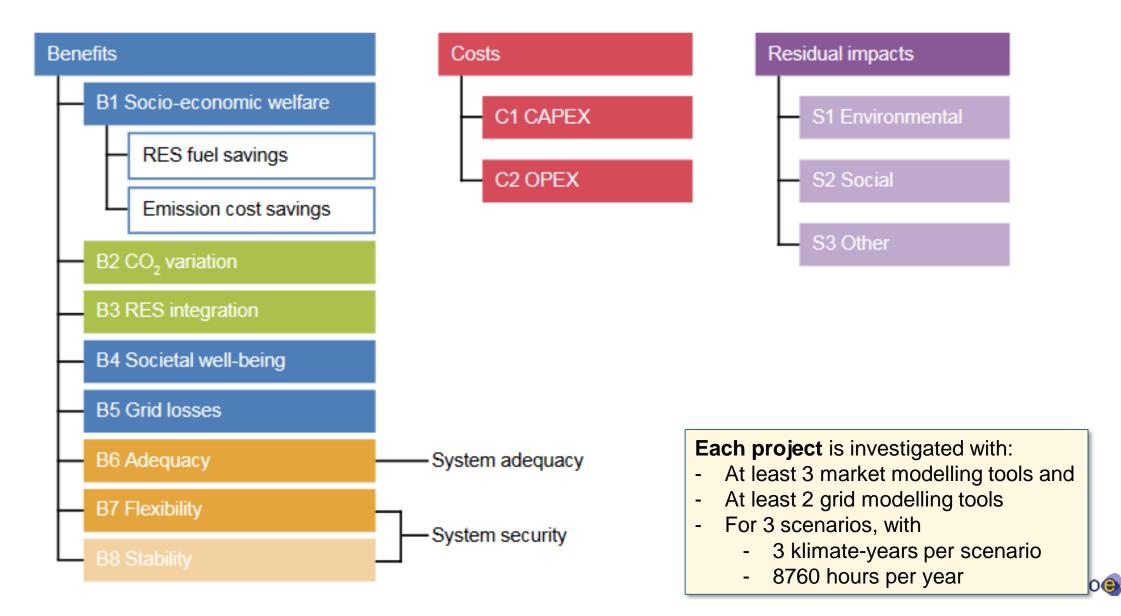
166 transmission projects in Europe ~ 60 in RGNS/ BS

15 storage projects in Europe (12 pump storage, 3 CAES) 7 i RGNS / BS

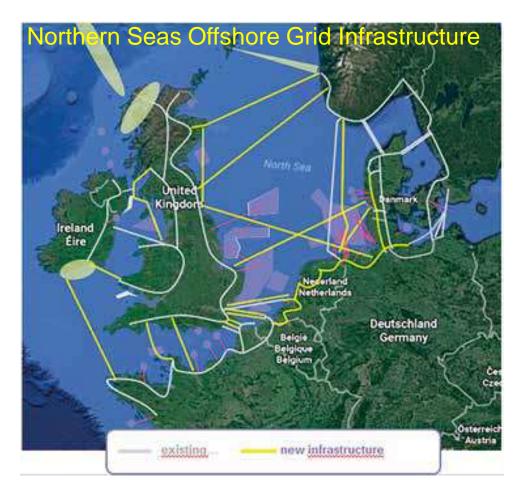
See interactive online map : <u>http://tyndp.entsoe.eu/</u>

a click on the project links to each 'project sheet' and get detailed information plus CBA results

Overview of CBA indicators



2030 Northern Seas Offshore Grid infrastructure in TYNDP 2018



Wind Power to be integrated into the NSOG Region

	2020	ST 2030	DG 2030	EUCO 2030	ST 2040	DG 2040	GCA 2040
Onshore wind (GW)		142	142	137	170	185	197
Offshore wind (GW)	24	59	59	40	86	86	127
Offshore Wind		40 60			86 127		

Key Figures:

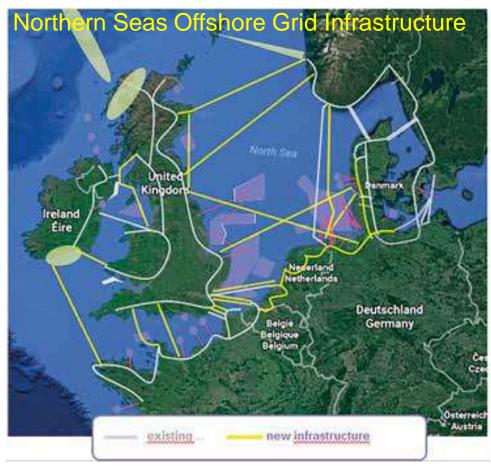
- > 20 individual projects develop into a global scheme
- ➢ Infrastructure costs of 14 27 bn €
- Socio-economic benefits of 1.3 2.4 bn € / yr
- > Facilitates extra RES generation between 13.8 19.2 TWh/yr
- Reduces annual CO2 emissions between 7,500... 15,000 kt / yr





List of Projects ≤ 2030

TYNDP 2018

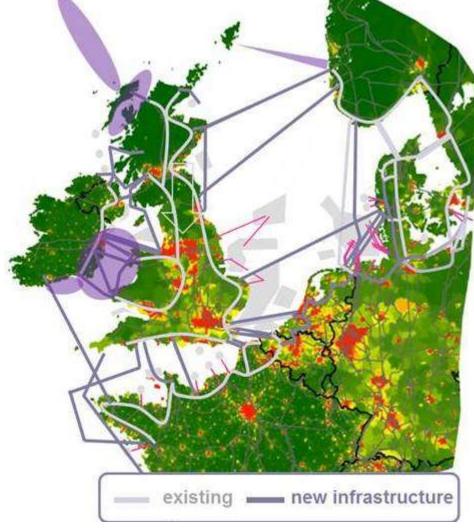


	Project ID	Project Name	Commissi oning	Capacity	
FR, GB 2	25	IFA 2	2020	1000	
FR, GB	153	France- Aldernay – Britain (FAB)	2022	1400	
FR, GB	172	Electlink	2019	1000	
BE, GB	74	Thames Estuary Cluster (NEMO)	2019	1000	
BE, GB	121	Nautilus: 2nd link BE-UK Earliest 2018		1000	
FR, IE	107	Celtic Interconnector	2026	700	
GB, NO	110	North Sea Link 2021		1400	
GB, NO	190	NorthConnect	hConnect 2022		
DE, NO	37	Nordlink	2020 1400		
DKW, NL 7	71	Cobra Cable 2019		700	
DKW, GB	167	Viking Link	2023	1400	
FR, GB	247	Aquind Interconnector	2022	2000	
FR, GB	285	Gridlink 2022		1400	
GB, NL 2	260	New GB-NL Interconnector 2030		1000-2000	
IE, GB 2	286	Greenlink	2023	500	
GB-NO 2	294	Maali	2025	600	
BE 7	75	Modular OFG 1	2020	1000	
	120 + 329	Modular OFG 2 + new onshore corridor	2030 + 2028	2000	
GB DE 3	309	NeuConnect	2022	1400	

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Source: TYNDP17 Insight report "North Seas Regional Planning"

Offshore Grid infrastructure in TYNDP 2016



2030 Northern Seas offshore grid infrastructure addressing RES- and Market integration

Wind power [GW] to be integrated in NSOG region								
	2020	2030	2030	2030	2030			
		Vision 1	Vision 2	Vision 3	Vision 4			
offshore	24.1	30.6	30.8	72.2	79.7			
onshore	94.0	110.9	124.7	155.0	154.5			

Key Figures:

- > 25 individual projects develop into a global scheme
- ➢ Infrastructure costs of 12 25 bn €
- Socio-economic benefits of 2 3 bn € / yr



Source: TYNDP16 Insight report "North Seas Regional Planning"

Offshore Grid infrastructure in TYNDP 2014

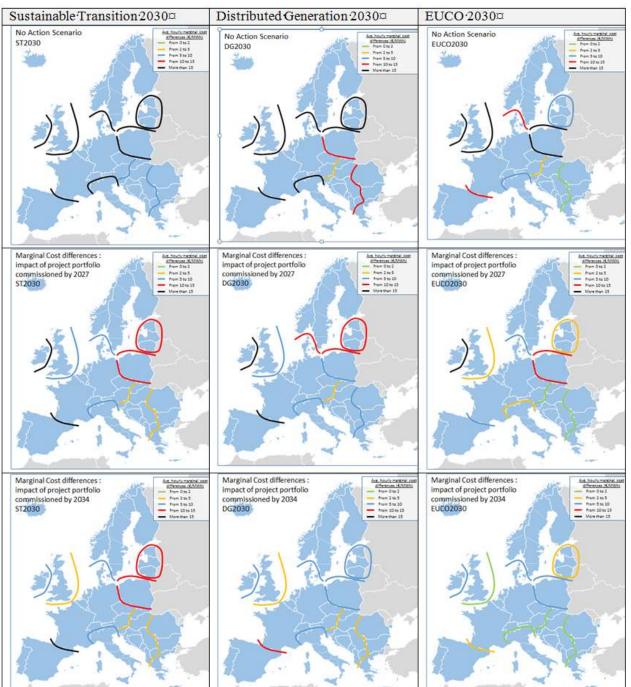
Comparison between NSCOGI Grid study, TYNDP14 results & EC study, concluding:

- Northern Seas Offshore Grid Infrastructure will be composed of
 - various technologies (AC and DC)
 - Various designs:
 - i. point-to-point interconnections (ICs)
 - ii. Radial offshore wind connections (single of via hubs)
 - iii. Hybrid projects (combination of offshore wind connection and IC)
 - iv. Multiterminal offshore platforms combining interconnections.
- **Modular** and **stepwise** offshore grid development with choices based on case-bycase decisions, evaluating technical and economic parameters.
- Compact hybrid offshore design could be envisaged in cases where scheduling and technology required for ICs & wind connetions match (DC/AC/voltage level ...).

ST 2030

DG 2030

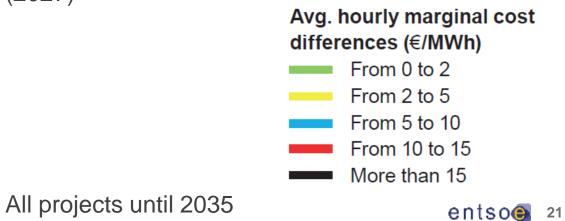
EUCO 2030



Impact on Price Differences per Boundary

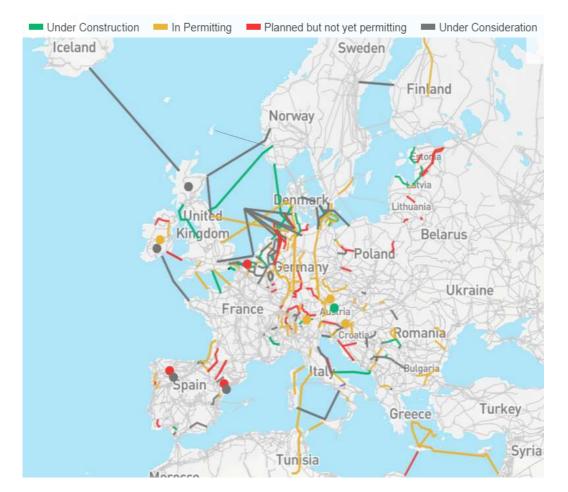
No Action

Reference Grid Projects (2027)



TYNDP 2018 projects Benefit

- 48 58% RES share of energy demand in 2030 ... and 65 81 % until 2040
- 65 75% CO2 reduction, compared to 1990
 ... and 80 90% until 2040
- 2 to 5 bn€ annual savings in cost of elproduction due to TYNDP projects in 2030
 ... and 3 til 14 €/MWh reduction in marginal production costs with optimal grid in 2040



<u>Until 2030:</u> 166 transmission projects 15 storage projects

114 bn € investments

357 investments, out of which
201 overhead lines
23 cables
67 subsea cables
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Thanks!



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